



Robot Programming with Lisp

1. Introduction, Setup

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Institute for Artificial Intelligence University of Bremen

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General Info

• Lecturer: Gaya (PhD student at IAI)

• Tutor: Arthur (HiWi at IAI)

• Correspondence: gaya@cs.uni-bremen.de, artnie91@cs.uni-bremen.de

• Dates: Thursdays, 14:15 - 15:45, 16:00 - 17:30

Language: English and German

• Credits: 6 ECTS (4 SWS)

• Course type: practical course

• Course number: 03-BE-710.98d

Location: TAB Building, Room 0.31 EG

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 Course Content
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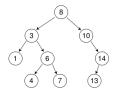


Course content

Common Lisp



Artificial Intelligence



Robot Operating System (ROS)



Robot platform



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• Full-featured industry-standard programming language





- Full-featured industry-standard programming language
- Means for functional programming
- Means for imperative programming
- Means for OOP





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- Fast prototyping through read-eval-print loop and dynamic typing

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- Good choice for writing domain-specific programming languages (e.g., robot programming languages)

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- Best choice for symbolic processing (AI, theorem proving, etc.)
- Good choice for writing domain-specific programming languages (e.g., robot programming languages)

Applications using / written in dialects of Lisp:

Emacs, AutoCAD, Mirai (Gollum animation), Google ITA (airplane ticket price planner AI), DART (DARPA logistics AI), Maxima (computer algebra system), Al and robotics frameworks, ...

Introduction





• Middleware for communication of the components of a robotic system





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 - More than 1.8 million pageviews of wiki.ros.org a month
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- De facto standard in modern robotics





TortugaBot

- 2 controllable wheels
- 2D laser scanner
- Optional 2.5D vision sensor
- Asus Eee PC with bluetooth
- Optional basket in the top part
- PlayStation joystick







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- ROS supports a number of languages: C++, Python, Lisp and Java
- Lisp is good for rapid prototyping
- It is more suitable for symbolic reasoning and AI
- There are existing robot programming languages in Lisp that automate decision making





Rough schedule

• Introduction, Setup

- Lisp basics
- Functional programming
- OOP
- ROS, ROS Lisp API (roslisp)
- roslisp, 2D world of turtlesim
- coordinate frames. tf

- TortugaBot, navigation
- Collision avoidance
- Project scenario
- Project implementation
- The big day: competition





Software requirements

Bringing a personal laptop is encouraged.

OS:	Ubuntu 16.04 or 14.04 (other Linux versions might work but with no guarantee)
IDE:	Emacs 24
Version control:	Git
Packaging system:	ROS
Lisp software:	SBCL compiler, ASDF build system, Emacs plugin for Common Lisp

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Bottom line

You will learn / improve your skills in the following:

- Linux
- Git
- Emacs
- Functional programming
- Common Lisp, of course
- ROS (for future roboticists)

...and get to play with a real little robot!

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Grading

• Course final grade: 100 points = 50 homework + 50 group project.





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Grading

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- To participate in the project you need at least 25 points from the homeworks, otherwise it's a fail.
- Final grade: 50 of 100 points 4.0, 100 of 100 points 1.0.

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- Solutions are discussed in the tutorial.
- Can get 60 of 50 points in homework (can skip one homework).
- Bonus points for very good homework solutions.

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Emacs cheat sheet:

http://www.ic.unicamp.br/~helio/disciplinas/MC102/Emacs_Reference_Card.pdf

Git reference book:

http://git-scm.com/book/de

• Lisp books:

http://landoflisp.com/, http://www.paulgraham.com/onlisp.html, http://www.gigamonkeys.com/book/





Info summary

Next class:

• Date: 26.10

• Time: 14:15 (14:00 - 14:15 for questions)

• Place: same room (TAB 0.31)

Assignment:

• Due: 25.10, Wednesday, 23:59

Points: 3 points

• For questions: write an email to Arthur or Gaya

Introduction

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Assignment goals

Set up your working environment Set up your Git repositories





Get comfortable with Emacs







• Find out your processor architecture (32 vs. 64 bit). Hint: unless your computer is very old, it's most likely 64 bit.





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- Download Ubuntu 16.04 installation . i so: http://www.ubuntu.com/download/desktop
- Burn the .iso onto a DVD or create a boot USB. Hint: for a bootable USB, in Windows use the Universal USB installer: http://www.pendrivelinux.com/ universal-usb-installer-easy-as-1-2-3/; and in Linux you could, e.g., use the Startup Disk Creator or unetbootin.





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- Install Ubuntu 16.04 (aka Xenial).
 Dual boot installation with default settings is a one click thing.

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- Windows 8+ doesn't let me into "BIOS Menu"! You should restart into the "Boot Options Menu" of your Windows: hold down "Shift" while pressing "Restart".

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 My BIOS supports UEFI, Ubuntu won't install! It should work but if you can't get it to run turn off the UEFI mode: restart into the "Boot Options Menu" of your Windows, choose "Troubleshoot", then "UEFI Firmware Settings"

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It still doesn't work!
 Write an email to Arthur or Gaya

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Consult the official installation instructions for troubleshooting: http://wiki.ros.org/kinetic/Installation/Ubuntu

In short, it boils down to executing the following in the terminal (hint: to open a fresh terminal press <Ctrl>+<Alt>+t):

Add ROS repositories to your sources list:

sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://packages.ros.org/ros/ubuntu xenial main" > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/ros-latest.list'





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- Add their key to your trusted public keys:

sudo apt-key adv --keyserver hkp://ha.pool.sks-keyservers.net:80 --recv-key 421C365BD9FF1F717815A3895523BAEEB01FA116





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- Update your Debian package index: sudo apt-get update





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- Update your Debian package index:
- The version of ROS distributed with Ubuntu 16.04 is **ROS Kinetic**. Install the **desktop** package. Say <No> if asked about hddtemp.

 sudo apt-get install ros-kinetic-desktop





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- Update your Debian package index:
- The version of ROS distributed with Ubuntu 16.04 is ROS Kinetic.
 Install the desktop package. Say <No> if asked about hddtemp.
- Install the workspace management tools:

sudo apt-get install python-rosinstall && sudo apt-get install python-wstool Introduction Course Content Organizational

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In short, it boils down to executing the following in the terminal:

Setup rosdep:

sudo rosdep init && rosdep update





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In short, it boils down to executing the following in the terminal:

- Setup rosdep:
 sudo rosdep init && rosdep update
- Initialize the ROS environment for this particular terminal: source /opt/ros/kinetic/setup.bash





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In short, it boils down to executing the following in the terminal:

- Setup rosdep: sudo rosdep init && rosdep update
- Initialize the ROS environment for this particular terminal: source /opt/ros/kinetic/setup.bash
- Create a directory where the code you'll write will be stored (the name ros_ws and the location ~ can be changed): mkdir -p ~/ros_ws/src





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- Initialize the workspace:

cd ~/ros ws && catkin make

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- Initialize the workspace: cd ~/ros ws && catkin make
- Update your bash startup script and make sure it worked:

echo -e "\n# ROS\nsource \$HOME/ros_ws/devel/setup.bash\n" >> ~/.bashrc && tail ~/.bashrc && source ~/.bashrc Introduction Course Content Organizational Assignment





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sudo apt-get install git





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- Install Git sudo apt-get install git
- Download the course material into your ROS workspace:

roscd && cd ../src && git clone https://gitlab.informatik.uni-bremen.de/artnie91/lisp_course_material.git && 11





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- Define a remote target with the address of your new GitLab repo:
- cd lisp_course_material
 git remote add my-repo https://gitlab.informatik.uni-bremen.de/YOUR_GITLAB_USERNAME/lisp_course_material.git





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Upload the files to your new GitLab repo:

git push -u my-repo master





• Go to your ROS workspace and initialize it with wstool:

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Get CRAM source code from GitHub:

wstool merge https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cram2/cram/lecture-deps/cram-16.04.rosinstall && wstool update





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Get CRAM source code from GitHub:

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Install binary dependencies:

rosdep install --from-paths . --ignore-src





Go to your ROS workspace and initialize it with wstool:

roscd && cd ../src && wstool init

• Get CRAM source code from GitHub:

wstool merge https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cram2/cram/lecture-deps/cram-16.04.rosinstall && wstool update

• Install binary dependencies:

rosdep install --from-paths . --ignore-src

Compile the CRAM code (and assignment code):

cd .. && catkin_make





Task 6: Install the IDE

• Install the editor itself (Emacs), the Common Lisp compiler (SBCL), the linker (ASDF) and the Emacs Common Lisp plugin (Slime):

sudo apt-get install ros-kinetic-roslisp-repl





Task 6: Install the IDE

- Install the editor itself (Emacs), the Common Lisp compiler (SBCL), the linker (ASDF) and the Emacs Common Lisp plugin (Slime):
 sudo apt-get install ros-kinetic-roslisp-repl
- Start the editor (after compilation is finished you'll see the Lisp shell): roslisp_repl &







Task 7: Get familiar with Emacs

The following notation is used in Emacs for keyboard shortcuts:

• C for <Ctrl>

SPC for <Space>

• M for <Alt>

- RET for <Enter>
- for when two keys are pressed together (e.g. C-x for <Ctrl>+x)

The basic shortcuts you will need are listed below:

- C-x C-f opens a file
- C-x 3 or C-x 2 opens a new tab, C-x 0 closes it, C-x 1 maximizes
- C-x o switches between tabs
- C-x b switches buffers, C-x C-b lists all open buffers, C-x k kills
- C-g cancels a command half-way, C-x C-c yes exits Emacs





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Open the file with your first assignment and follow the instructions:





• Once done editing orc-battle.lisp, check what's new in your local repo (the one on your hard drive):

cd ROS_WORKSPACE/src/lisp_course_material && git status





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- To see which exactly lines changed ask for the diff (q to exit): git diff
- The red files are the new untracked ones, the green ones are already in the Git index. To add new files to the index use git add .

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- If you deleted some files, to remove them from the index use git add -u





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- If you deleted some files, to remove them from the index use git add -u
- Once you're sure the changes are final, commit locally: git commit -m "A meaningful commit message."

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- If you deleted some files, to remove them from the index use
 git add -u
- Once you're sure the changes are final, commit locally: git commit -m "A meaningful commit message."
- Finally, to upload your local commits to the GitLab server, push the changes upstream:

git push # or git push my-repo master





• Download the latest version of the Lisp compiler:

https://sourceforge.net/projects/sbcl/files/sbcl/1.3.1/





Download the latest version of the Lisp compiler:

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You will most likely need the x86-64 version (NOT arm64):

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- Install the compiler: sh install sh

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Thanks for your attention!